



Former Texaco Refinery / PCPL Fillmore Site Cleanup

The former Texaco Refinery / Pacific Coast Pipeline (PCPL) site, also known as Fillmore Works, is located on the eastern border of the City of Fillmore and has been part of the local landscape for nearly a century. From 1915 until 2002 the site was used first as a refinery (until 1950) and later as a crude oil storage and transfer facility. While the property is not currently in use, historic operations led to soil and groundwater contamination that required environmental cleanup, also known as remediation.

Environmental assessment work began in 1980. Site cleanup is performed under the direction of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) working in concert with Texaco Inc., Chevron Environmental Management Company, and a number of other government agencies including:

- California Department of Toxic Substances Control
- California State Water Resources Control Board
- Ventura County Air Pollution Control District
- Ventura County Environmental Health
- Ventura County Public Works Agency
- Ventura County Resource Management Agency
- Ventura County Watershed Protection District
- City of Fillmore



www.FillmoreWorks.com

Chevron Environmental Management Company
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Bakersfield, CA 93302
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PCPL Cleanup: By the Numbers

6,175

groundwater samples collected since the 1980s from 92 locations at depths greater than 50 feet

>95

percent of benzene removed from groundwater since 1992

5,690

soil and soil vapor samples collected from about 3,670 locations

33,000

cubic yards of refinery wastes excavated and removed (1986)

43,600

cubic yards of soil excavated and remediated (2013-2014)

4,800

tons historic infrastructure debris removed (2012-2014)

11,000

cubic yards of concrete and brick crushed and recycled (2012-2014)

18

miles of pipeline excavated and removed (2011-2014)

86,200

air measurements collected from 10 air monitoring stations operated continuously during excavation activities (2011-2014)

6

health studies reviewed by federal and state agencies concluded that the site is not endangering public health (1987-2015)

100

outreach activities with the Fillmore community to date and project website for ongoing communication